The following are relative pronouns: that which

whom

A relative

ELAT

who

whose

pronoun

introduces a clause that gives more information about a noun. These are also relative pronouns when used to give more information about a noun:

when

where

A relative clause gives more information about a noun and begins with a relative pronoun.

I can remember the summer when we had a heatwave.

This is the house where I grew up.

Sometimes the relative pronoun can be omitted:

The prize (that) I won was a book.

Examples:

The book, that we bought today, is very interesting.

The book, which he wrote last year, is my favourite.

The author, who is my favourite, writes mystery stories.

This is George, whom you met last week.

This is George, whose brother is in the football team.